

## DISSECTS VOTE

**Foraker Declares Taft Victory a Farce.**

## CROW PREMATURE

**Senator Says Not Ten Per Cent of Party Voted.**

## REPUBLICANS ARE ANXIOUS

**Fear Result of Split in Ohio Will Mean Democratic Victory in that State, with Element of Ominous Meaning for National Outcome. Talk of Forming Independent Party for Those Who Oppose Alleged Methods of Taft Managers.**

If the analysis of the result of the primaries in Ohio on Tuesday which Senator Foraker makes, is correct, once more the Taft cohorts have crowded over a great victory that failed to materialize in the "cold gray light of the morning after."

Not 10 per cent of the Republican voters in Ohio went to the polls on Tuesday, according to the Senator from that State, who is an opposition candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency. The State convention, he further declares in a statement which he issued last night, is an all-Taft convention because the managers of the Secretary of War's interests in his native State "fixed" things so that none but Taft men could be elected to that convention.

If his friends had not been deterred by their resentment of the methods used by the Taft interests, Mr. Foraker declares, from attending the primaries, the result throughout the State would have approximated that in the Sixth and Fifteenth Congressional districts, both of which, it now appears, went against Mr. Roosevelt's choice for his heir.

## Refutation Is Awaited.

It will be interesting to wait and see whether the Taft people can successfully refute the assertions of Senator Foraker. In the case, the "first Taft convention," held in Oklahoma some weeks ago, the Secretary's friends, enthused to the extent of claiming the convention until the real facts came out, and there have been other instances of like nature in surprising regularity. The last, unless the statement of the Senator from Ohio adds Ohio to the list, was that in Florida last week, when the "rump" convention which belted the regular Republican assembly and nominated three Federal officeholders, and Mr. Roosevelt's patronage referee as delegates-at-large to the national convention, claimed to be the regular Republican convention of the Everglades State.

"It has been common knowledge for 'nobody' should be either surprised or misled by the result of the primaries held in Ohio yesterday.

Less Than 10 Per Cent.

"That the result of the primaries does not indicate anything conclusive should be manifest from the fact that the total vote polled will not represent more than 20 per cent of the Republicans of Ohio. There were only two districts in which there was any approach to a contest, and these contests were due to the fact that there were opposing candidates in each district for the nomination to Congress.

"In the Sixth district the Taft candidate was defeated by 1,025, while in the Fifth district, Mr. Dawes, the Taft leader and candidate for renomination, is probably beaten, according to the latest advice I have received.

"If there had been a primary in which we could have participated, similar results would have been possible, if not probable, all over the State.

"Recurring to the State convention, it should be borne in mind that it will be composed of the representatives of only one faction of the party. Not because the people have so decided, but because the course of the Taft managers was such as to bar every one else out from participation."

## Fear Democrats Will Win.

Among Ohio Republicans here there is gloomy foreboding as to the outcome of the election in that State next November. They see tradition and rule overturned and the State placed in the Democratic column in a Presidential year. The fight of the Taft management to eliminate Senator Foraker from public life has not been pleasing to many prominent men in the party, including friends of the Secretary of War and the disposition of the Taft forces to gloat over every victory they achieve is serving to accentuate the bitter spirit that has been engendered.

"Already there is some talk of organizing a new party in Ohio, to be composed of Republicans who, favoring clean politics, good government, and proper progressiveness in national and State affairs, will oppose infringement upon the rights granted by the Constitution, and seek to check the tendency to obtain radical legislation by appeals to class prejudice.

This idea has been discussed by Ohio Republicans, who are of the opinion that party lines are fast dissolving in both the great national political organizations. They believe the time is rapidly approaching when the radicals of each party may merge and thus compel the conservative elements, Democratic as well as Repub-

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can, to band together for the protection of the principles which they hold.

The course of Mr. Taft's friends has been such, it is declared, as to prevent friends of Mr. Foraker from further taking part in Tuesday's primaries, and this has seemed to intensify the factional feeling.

It is now conceded generally by those who have been watching the situation that harmony in the Republican ranks in Ohio is impossible.

## WOULD VOTE FOR FORAKER.

**Dr. Wilder Would Represent Negroes of Washington as Delegate.**

Sidney Bieber, chairman of the board of elections of the Republican National Committee, is not a candidate for delegate from the District of Columbia to the Republican national convention in Chicago June 16.

"At no time have I been a candidate for delegate," says Mr. Bieber.

"Some of my friends have announced themselves as candidates and, under the circumstances, I cannot see my way clear to fight them in the primaries."

Another development in the situation was the announcement of Dr. J. R. Wilder, the negro physician, that he was a candidate for delegate. It is the custom to elect one white delegate and one negro delegate.

In announcing his candidacy, Dr. Wilder said:

"If elected, I will vote for Foraker for the Presidential nomination. I consider this my duty as a representative of the negro race, which Senator Foraker has so ably defended."

Dr. Wilder has been endorsed for the post by practically every prominent negro minister in the city. Indications are he will have a strong following among all classes of his people.

This announcement from Dr. Wilder sets at rest rumors circulated by opponents that he is an administration man.

## HONORED IN CHICAGO

**Lincoln Exercises Held at Many Big Clubs.**

## SENATOR BEVERIDGE SPEAKS

**Secretary of the Interior Garfield Takes 'Special Privileges' as His Topic Before the Hamilton Club.****Indiana Senator Discusses 'Cave' Navy, Tariff Reform, and His Own.**

Chicago, Feb. 12.—James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Interior, United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, and a dozen other guests prominent in national, State, and local politics, gathered at different clubs here to-day to pay tribute to the memory of Abraham Lincoln.

There were many memorial exercises arranged by various organizations in and about the city. Banquets by the Hamilton Club, the Marquette Club, and the New Illinois Athletic Club, were among the most important of the events incidental to the Lincoln Day celebration.

Secretary of the Interior Garfield, at the Hamilton Club, spoke on "Special Privileges." Mr. Garfield traced the immemorial war against special privilege waged by mankind since the dawn of history. He declared special privilege in the United States was claimed not by capital alone. He pointed out that labor unions, when they abused their privileges, had become an evil and a menace to the nation. Upon the eve of the national campaign upon which the country was urged, he urged Republicans to uphold the policies Roosevelt has inaugurated.

Sensor Beveridge was the chief speaker at the Marquette Club. His address was well received.

## Make Sherman Law Modern.

Sensor Beveridge said, in part:

"We should let capital combine for honest industry; we should let railroads consolidate for honest traffic. Only big business can serve this big country. If it is honest, a trust is not necessarily a danger, and it may be a blessing. When our trust tries to abuse a nation, it should be broken and brought low by a President who has the will to do this without the law himself; but any man who is against reasonable combinations of capital is too ignorant or insecure to be President. The Sherman law must be made modern; this is the first legislation needed by honest business."

Railroads are the nation's highways. There are no roads, whether they be railroads or highways, that are not necessary, and no State objects. Why should not the nation make rules, if rules are necessary, no State objects? The regulation of railroads must be extended along these lines. This is the second law demanded by honest business."

## Tariff Commission Need of Hour.

The need of the hour is a tariff commission. A committee of Congress, working but for a few months, has made a study of the tariff interests asking special favors, cannot find out the facts upon which to base our tariff duties.

A committee cannot classify these thousand of articles so that the people will know what rates they pay. The tariff is a demand dispute as to what class articles belong to. The tariff is a demand dispute as to what class articles belong to. The tariff is a demand dispute as to what class articles belong to.

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BRYAN PRAISED AT  
ANTI-BRYAN DINNER**National Democratic Club Promoters Get Shock.**

## PLAIN TRUTHS ARE TOLD

**Speakers from the West Talk Bluntly to New Yorkers.**

Former Gov. Thomas, of Colorado, Says Nebraska Was Right on Currency Question—D. Cady Herriek and John B. Stanchfield Urge Members of the Club to Support the Democratic Nominee for President.

## STILL FOR SILVER.

I am an old-fashioned Democrat, and I supported Bryan and I supported his principles, and although he was licked like the devil in the two campaigns he went through, I think, after all, that perhaps he was right in his ideas about the silver standard and currency. There is one sure thing, and that is in times of stress and panic the old-fashioned silver dollar looks mighty good when compared with Christian Science money.—Ex-Gov. Thomas.

New York, Feb. 12.—The anti-Bryan dinners of the National Democratic Club are not quite so successful from the anti-Bryan point of view as the promoters of the dinners expected they would be. Another of the dinners, framed to educate the Democratic party according to the club's prospectus, was held to-night, but instead of Bryan and his doctrines being condemned, the name of Bryan was cheered, and guests of the club from the West told the members as bluntly as possible, without being discourteous to their hosts, that so firmly did the Western Democrats believe in the principles of Bryan and in the radical opinions of President Roosevelt that failing Bryan, the Democrats of the West would undoubtedly help to re-elect Mr. Roosevelt, should he be re-nominated.

It was ex-Gov. Thomas, of Colorado, who first laid this idea before the members of the club, and he was supported in his stand by the mayor of Denver, who spoke after him.

## Old-fashioned Democrat.

"I am an old-fashioned Democrat, and I supported Bryan and I supported his principles," said Gov. Thomas, "and although he was licked like the devil in the two campaigns he went through, I think, after all, that perhaps he was right in his ideas about the silver standard and currency. There is one sure thing, and that is in times of stress and panic the old-fashioned silver dollar looks mighty good when compared with Christian Science money."

This was the only time that Mr. Bryan's name was mentioned during the evening, but the allusion made by Gov. Thomas to Bryan and to his principles brought out a round of applause of such volume as to demonstrate that all the members of the club are not in harmony with the belief held by the dinner committee that the only means by which the Democrats can carry the State for their party is to kill off Bryan.

It was noticeable also that D. Cady Herriek, the principal speaker of the evening, and John B. Stanchfield both appealed to the members of the club to support the candidate of the Democratic national convention. In opening the speechmaking of the evening Judge Van Wyck attacked the policies of President Roosevelt.

The President, he declared, was violating the Constitution, for the reason that he was endeavoring to rule under the principle of the one man power, and the speaker added, Congress was equally at fault in disobeying the spirit of the Constitution by letting itself be placed in the position of merely acquiescing to the will of the President.

After discussing the tariff as the mother of trusts, the speaker turned to Federal usurpation, saying:

"We believe in the distribution of governmental powers; confining the Federal government strictly to matters of concern and to relations between the States; insisting that all other powers shall be exercised by the States, or by the people to whom they have been reserved; confining the State to the exercise of powers purely of State concern, leaving local affairs to be managed by the locals and people of each locality."

Mr. Herriek concluded as follows:

"Let us not in our anxiety for party victory attempt to rival and outdo our adversaries in the policies they are pursuing, else a course will lead both parties to dangerous extremes; moreover, those policies lead to special privileges, to the overthrow of the balance of governmental powers, to centralization and the destruction of our present constitutional form of government."

John B. Stanchfield urged tariff reform. It was the one issue, he asserted, upon which all classes of Democrats could unite and he contended that the only way in which the United States could be financially and industrially that existed today, could be done away with was the termination of the high protective tariff.

He said that while President Roosevelt had contributed, by his attacks on corporations, to the unrest and disturbances to which he alluded, he insisted that the primary cause of it all was the high tariff policy. "It is better to have the people of this country pay an income tax," he concluded, "than to have continued the high tariff system of today."

Ex-Governor Thomas, of Colorado, made a great hit with his hearers in the Western breeziness of his speech. Among other things he advocated the control by the Federal government of matters which could not be adequately controlled by the State government.

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## HUGHES TO NAME DELEGATES.

**Woodruff Announces Plans for New York Republicans.**

New York, Feb. 12.—With Ohio for Taft, there were one or two new and interesting features in New York Republican State politics to-day and several curious remarks by Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff, of the State committee, and ex-Gov. B. B. Odell, Jr. Mr. Woodruff was at the Holland House for a few minutes and Mr. Odell was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Mr. Woodruff said:

"The attitude of certain financial people, if continued, may make Roosevelt's nomination assured. Even Mr. Odell is talking Roosevelt privately."

Chairman Woodruff then went on to announce a complete change in the programme as to the four delegates-at-large to be named by the Republican state convention, and who are to be instructed for Gov. Hughes for President. Mr. Woodruff said:

"As the delegates at large from this State in the national convention are to be instructed for Gov. Hughes, it is only fair that the governor should be permitted to name these delegates-at-large. I am sure that course will be followed."

## CANNOT HELP STEALING.

**Wealthy Building Contractor Caught in Friend's Cigar Store.**

Alton, Ill., Feb. 12.—Henry Shuell, a wealthy building contractor, in jail on a charge of burglary, to-day confessed that for years he had been entering stores of his neighbors at night and stealing.

He knew he was doing wrong, he said, but was unable to overcome the desire to steal.

His dual life was revealed by Jeremiah Kennedy, owner of a dairy and cigar store, a friend and neighbor of Shuell, who caught Shuell in his store at night.

## SIX LIVES ARE LOST

**Seven Others Are Missing in Providence Explosion.**

## STARCH FACTORY IS WRECKED

**Big Structure Burns and Half Dozen Employees Are Killed and Others Are Unaccounted For—Hose Company's House Damaged—No Firemen Are Unable to Get Out.**

Providence, R. I., Feb. 12.—Six persons were killed by the explosion of a mixer in the starch factory of C. S. Tanner here. The building was badly wrecked by the explosion and fire following, completed the work of destruction.

Seven others are missing, and their bodies may be in the ruins. The starch factory was an old brick structure of three stories. The exact cause of the explosion remains to be determined.

Mr. Tanner intimated to-night that it may have been due to a spark from defective electric wires, igniting the starch mixer prematurely.

## Explosion Is Terrible.

The explosion tore away a great hole in the center of the building and carried away the larger part of the roof. There was an upward rush of smoke, flames, and a fine powder, which looked like a white cloud, and through this could be seen portions of timbers and bricks falling within the building, and outside its walls as well.

The house of Hose Company No. 2, in the rear of the starch factory, was slightly damaged, and so much debris was piled about the door that it was fifteen minutes before the firemen could get out to fight the fire.

## STEAMSHIP A TOTAL WRECK.

**Four Passengers Rescued from Steamer on Cuban Rocks.**

Havana, Feb. 12.—The steamer Baker, of Hamburg, 1,300 tons, under special charter to the United Fruit Company, is a total wreck on what is known as the Colorado Reef, on the north coast of Pinar del Rio, and fifteen miles from Cape San Antonio, the westernmost point of the island.

The four passengers, H. H. Douglas, a broker, of New York, his wife, and three-months-old child, and F. C. Case, also of New York, formerly manager of the foreign department of the American Car and Foundry Company, and the thirty-six members of the crew arrived in Havana on the Spanish coasting steamer Antolin del Callado to-day, which rescued them on Monday afternoon after about seventy-two hours on board the wreck.

## GERMANY UPHOLDS POPE.

**Declines to Take Part in Professor's Case.**

Munich, Feb. 12.—The government, replying in Parliament to a request to support, against the Catholic church, Prof. Schmitzer, of the University of Munich, who was excommunicated a few days ago by the Pope for an article he wrote on the Pope's encyclical on modernism, and whose students were forbidden to attend his lectures, refused to interfere in the matter.

It contended that the portion of the theological lectures in the universities of every country was based on an understanding that they faithfully observe the doctrines of their faith.

## ARMENIANS BLOWN UP.

**Explosion Wrecks Part of City in Asiatic Turkey.**

Vienna, Feb. 12.—A Constantinople dispatch says the Armenian quarter of Van Asiatic Turkey has been destroyed by the explosion of a case of dynamite in an Armenian church, where a quantity of revolutionary weapons and explosives were hidden.

Soldiers were sent to seize the contraband and a fight followed, during which the explosion occurred. It is stated that a great number of persons were killed.

## POPE REVIVES CEREMONY.

**Joins in Celebrating Centennial of St. John Chrysostom.**

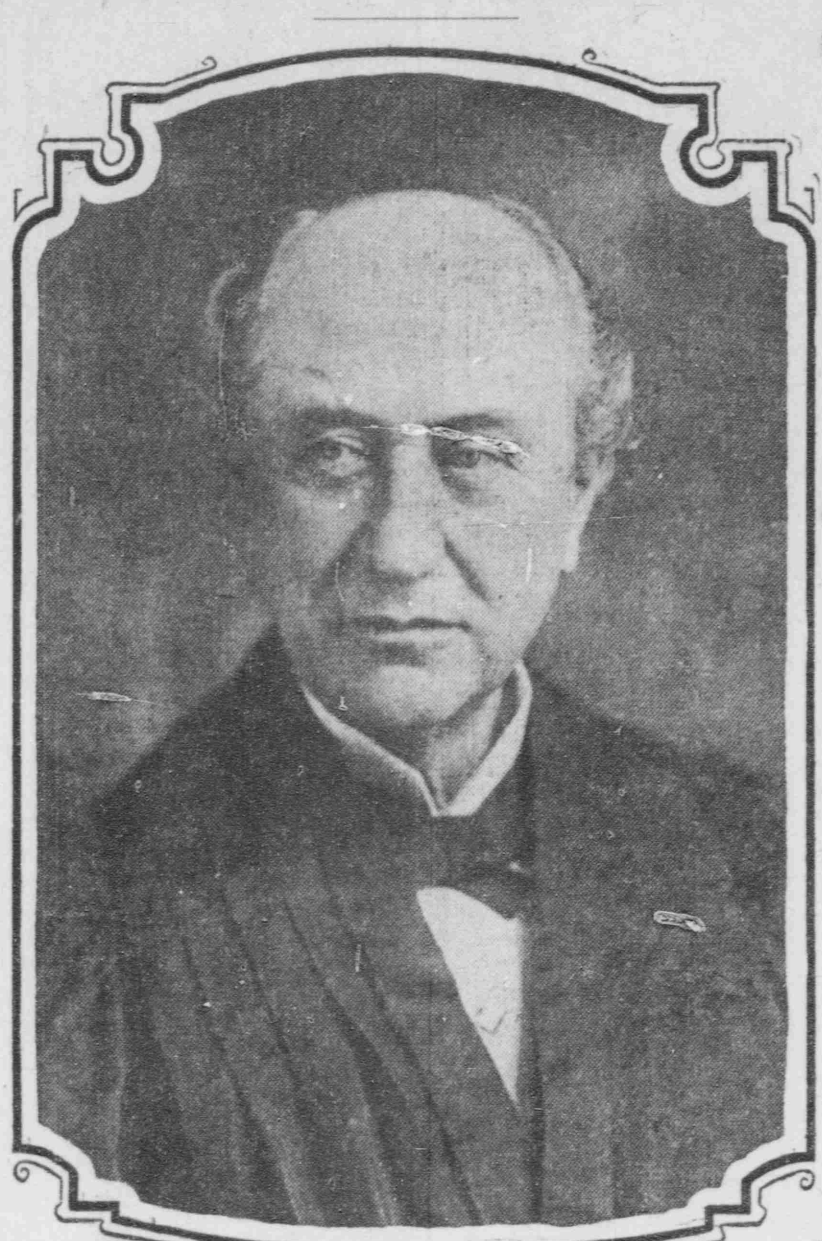
Rome, Feb. 12.—The celebration by the Pope at the Vatican yesterday of the fifteenth centennial of St. John Chrysostom was particularly noteworthy because no Pope or any members of the Sacred College have participated in this ceremony since the year 1484.

The rite of the Greek Church was employed throughout. The Pope recited three times in Latin the words "Peace to all," to which the choir replied, "Ad multos annos." A large tapestry representing St. John Chrysostom was hung behind the altar with ten enormous wax candles bearing lighted candles surrounding it. Among those present were members of the diplomatic corps in Rome, representatives of the Roman aristocracy, and many Greek prelates.

Proper Valentines—Heart-shaped Baskets filled with flowers make the sweetest. Blackstone's, 14th and H.

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## SPEAKS STRONGLY FOR PEACE.



MR. JUSTICE BREWER.

Declares he can see no necessity for an increase in the navy.

## IGNORES THEIR VETO

**President Reappoints Officer Senate Rejected.**

## MEYER SAYS IT IS LEGAL

Senators, After Twice Asking by Resolution for Information, Law Told There Is "Authority of Law" for Usurpation of Their Ancient Constitutional Prerogative.

## Kentucky Woman Is Buried

**After a Life of Crime.**

## KNOWN IN ALL POLICE CIRCLES

**Murder of Mrs. Madeline Booth Recalls Swindling Operations All Over Country in Which She Is Alleged to Have Participated—Deserts Husband After Murdering Child.**

## Special to The Washington Herald.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 12.—The body of Mrs. Madeline Booth, who was murdered in Cincinnati under circumstances as mysterious as those which shadowed her whole life, was taken through here to-day for her burial home at Wilmore, Jessamine County, where she was buried this afternoon.

The story of her life from the time she left her home as Madeline Risher until the body was borne back, that of a murderer, bigamist, swindler, and adventurer, to-day, reads like a romance.

She had lived as country girls usually do until about seventeen years old, when, twenty years ago, she married Thomas Hambrick, of Clark County, Ky. To them were born three children. One night at their home Mrs. Hambrick was seized with insane frenzy, and attacking her children with a knife, killed one of them and badly stabbed a woman guest at the house.

## Put in Asylum.

For that she was incarcerated in an asylum here several years. Finally released, she left Kentucky. Her husband went to Galveston, Tex. Her life from that time on was lurid.

She met her second husband, Booth, through a newspaper advertisement. He lived at Saint Ste. Marie, Mich. She finally deserted him and eloped with J. T. Devine, a crook and gambler, with whom she later contracted a bigamous marriage. It is claimed Mrs. Devine fled Booth out of much money.

They are alleged to have been in jail in trouble in nearly every city of any size in America and several towns in Canada. After their flight, Booth traced them to St. Paul, Minn., back through the West and South, from Texas to Indiana, and many other States.

## Found in Cincinnati.

He finally found them in Cincinnati, where he allowed the woman to obtain a divorce. Devine evidently deserted her, for she secured employment in Dr. Hoppe's residence as cook. She was found in his kitchen with her head crushed from a hatchet blow. There is no clue to the murder.

It is alleged that Mrs. Booth was known to the police in nearly every American city. It is claimed from letters found in her trunk after her murder that she had left her husband and lived near Devine's gambling den in Saint Ste. Marie.

Buffalo is another city in which she is alleged to have operated.

## DEFENSE OF GRAFT BEGINS.

**Pennsylvania Case Now Being Argued Before Jury.**

Harrisburg, Feb. 12.—Falling to persuade the court to take the case from the jury the defense in the first of the capital trials to-day began the presentation of its side.

P. F. Rothermel, for the contractor, Sanderson, and Lyman D. Gilbert, for ex-Auditor General Snyder, addressed the jury this afternoon. Attorneys for ex-Supt. Shumaker and ex-State Treasurer Mathews will take their turn tomorrow morning.

The two addresses indicate the line of defense for all. The entire four agree that Architect Joseph M. Huston was chiefly to blame for whatever went wrong in the capital affairs. He alone knew all about everything, and as the skilled agent of the State was supposed to be attending strictly to business.

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## HALT TO NAVY

**Brewer Would Check the Expenditures.**

## PAY DEBT OF NATION

**Enduring Peace Must Rest on Justice and Right.**

## AT ODDS WITH HARLAN

**Banquet of the Loyal Legion Brings Forth a Notable Utterance from Distinguished Jurist of the United States Supreme Court—Ambassador Bryce, Vice President Fairbanks, and Speaker Cannon Were Also Among the Speakers.**

The twenty-sixth annual banquet of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, held last night at Rauscher's, was notable not only for the large and distinguished company brought together and delightfully entertained, but also for one most notable utterance during the evening. This came from a Justice of the United States Supreme Court—Mr. Justice Brewer.

Gen. Grant said:

"Let us have peace. 'I love peace so much that I am ready to fight for it.'"

This was the toast proposed by himself, to which Mr. Justice Brewer responded. He spoke for peace—an enduring peace that could not be brought about by a mighty navy, but which must be founded upon "justice and right."

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